

MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLD

Christian name
for reference only

Age last birthday

1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th
London Co.	Alice	Maria	Lawrence (papa)	Jim	John	Jane			
65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66				

9/44

101

QUESTIONNAIRE ON HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES
&
STANDARDS OF LIVING IN THE UNITED KINGDOM
1967-68



- I Housing and Living Facilities
- II Employment
- III Occupational Facilities and Fringe Benefits
- IV Current Monetary Income
- V Assets and Savings
- VI Health and Disability
- VII Social Services
- VIII Private Income in Kind
- IX Style of Living

A Survey carried out from the University of Essex
and the University of London (L.S.E.)

Queries should be addressed to: Miss Sheila Benson
Skepper House
13 Endsleigh Street
London WC1

FOR OFFICE USE	1	2	3
1 SBC1	T31	ALL	
2 SBC1	T32	ALL	
3 SBC1 (A*)			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
29			
30			
31			
32			
33			
34			
35			
36			
37			
38			
39			
40			
41			
42			
43			
44			
45			
46			
47			
48			
49			
50			
51			
52			
53			
54			
55			
56			
57			
58			
59			
60			
61			
62			
63			
64			
65			
66			
67			
68			
69			
70			
71			
72			
73			
74			
75			
76			
77			
78			
79			
80			
81			
82			
83			
84			
85			
86			
87			
88			
89			
90			
91			
92			
93			
94			
95			
96			
97			
98			
99			
100			
101			
102			
103			
104			
105			
106			
107			
108			
109			
110			
111			
112			
113			
114			
115			
116			
117			
118			
119			
120			
121			
122			
123			
124			
125			
126			
127			
128			
129			
130			
131			
132			
133			
134			
135			
136			
137			
138			
139			
140			
141			
142			
143			
144			
145			
146			
147			
148			
149			
150			
151			
152			
153			
154			
155			
156			
157			
158			
159			
160			
161			
162			
163			
164			
165			
166			
167			
168			
169			
170			
171			
172			
173			
174			
175			
176			
177			
178			
179			
180			
181			
182			
183			
184			
185			
186			
187			
188			
189			
190			
191			
192			
193			
194			
195			
196			
197			
198			
199			
200			
201			
202			
203			
204			
205			
206			
207			
208			
209			
210			
211			
212			
213			
214			
215			
216			
217			
218			
219			
220			
221			
222			
223			
224			
225			
226			
227			
228			
229			
230			
231			
232			
233			
234			
235			
236			
237			
238			
239			
240			
241			
242			
243			
244			
245			
246			
247			
248			
249			
250			
251			
252			
253			
254			
255			
256			
257			
258			
259			
260			
261			
262			
263			
264			
265			
266			
267			
268			
269			
270			
271			
272			
273			
274			
275			
276			
277			
278			
279			
280			
281			
282			
283			
284			
285			
286			
287			
288			
289			
290			
291			
292			
293			
294			
295			
296			
297			
298			
299			
300			
301			
302			
303			
304			
305			
306			
307			
308			
309			
310			
311			
312			
313			
314			
315			
316			
317			
318			
319			
320			
321			
322			
323			
324			
325			
326			
327			
328			
329			
330			
331			
332			
333			
334			
335			
336			
337			
338			
339			
340			
341			
342			
343			
344			
345			
346			
347			
348			
349			
350			
351			
352			
353			
354			
355			
356			
357			
358			
359			
360			
361			
362			
363			
364			
365			
366			
367			
368			
369			
370			
371			
372			
373			
374			
375			
376			
377			
378			
379			
380			
381			
382			
383			
384			
385			
386			
387			
388			
389			
390			
391			
392			
393			
394			
395			
396			
397			
398			
399			
400			
401			
402			
403			
404			
405			
406			
407			
408			
409			
410			
411			
412			
413			
414			
415			
416			
417			
418			
419			
420			
421			
422			
423			
424			
425			
426			
427			
428			
429			
430			
431			
432			
433			
434			
435			
436			
437			
438			
439			
440			
441			
442			
443			
444			
445			
446			
447			
448			
449			
450			
451			
452			
453			
454			
455			
456			
457			
458			
459			
460			
461			
462			
463			
464			
465			
466			
46			

QUESTION 5

Note that the recent Industrial Employment Act gives employers the responsibility of notifying employees about certain terms of service. Many employees will have received some kind of notification.

QUESTION 6 Whether sick pay

Include only when employer pays cash directly to an employee who is sick. Contributions towards medical care costs come under Q. 11. Ideally we would like to have details of sick pay expected and length of time employer is expected to go on paying. (Sometimes a man is paid one proportion of pay for 3 months and then a lower proportion for a further 3 months.) Many informants, however, will not know and you should do your best to get a general idea at least of the starting level for the first month, recording underneath more specific information if known.

*(Q6
of
I queried the
answers and was
given a definite
SICK PAY)*

Sick pay amount What should be entered here is costs paid by employer. Sickness benefit should not be included even though employers contribute towards it. Earnings means **earnings before tax**.

QUESTION 7 Pension

Include any type of occupational pension, contributory or non-contributory, funded or unfunded.

QUESTION 7a Employee's contribution

Note that we are not attempting to establish what the employer pays, because many informants will not know. We require amount paid (preferably) or per cent of earnings **before tax**: many schemes are not of the type that the employer pays a fixed proportion of earnings. In these instances, code "None" or "Does not apply", according to the information you are given. When given a percentage note that it may be calculated on basic wages rather than earnings and you should note this so that we can adjust the figure in the office. Estimate the proportion of normal earnings the previous contribution amounts to — correct to nearest percentage point unless respondent names half a percentage point.

QUESTION 7b Pensionable age

That is, the age at which the pension is first payable.

QUESTION 7c Years towards pension

Do not count any years towards another pension in a previous employment unless those years have been accepted by the present employer as counting towards the pension from his employment.

QUESTION 7d Amount of pension

The question refers to the total occupational pension, though part of the cost may be paid by the informant. If the informant knows more details about his entitlement enter information in box (e.g. two-thirds of salary in last 5 years of service).

QUESTION 8 Meal vouchers

You may have to build up towards the average weekly value by asking "How much is each voucher worth?", "How many do you use in an average week?". Generally vouchers are additional to wage or salary but sometimes the employer will include them on a pay slip as part of earnings received. Watch that you do not count their value both here and later under net earnings.

QUESTION 9 Subsidised meals

Meals include drinks that may accompany them though we think it might cause offence to ask this in a formal question. We are interested to learn of anything from subsidised canteen meals to expense account lunches and dinners.

QUESTION 9a Saving on meals

Note that we are seeking an estimate of the difference between the actual cost to the employee and what he would have spent in the ordinary way if there were no subsidised canteen or restaurant available, or if his work did not allow him to charge the cost of outside meals. We are not seeking an estimate of the real value of the meals. Since some employees may not spend more outside on a poorer meal than they spend inside for a subsidised one, some entries may be "0" shillings.

*Q9
Does not
use canteen
facilities*

Peter J Brown

Mr person has just
returned home, after
being away from
home for 24 weeks:
last time of pay & for
all 24 weeks, he had
£3-17-6 deducted for
"digs" - I presume
we should add this
on to fare-home,
but will this distort
the picture in any
way?

~~PS~~ I am sure this is right
I cannot think of any
retroactive deduction

Brown

QUESTION 14 Second job

This will have been established in the earlier section on Employment. Repeat the question because earnings from subsidiary occupations tend to be forgotten. For example, painters and decorators may have done one remunerative weekend job for a few weeks several months earlier in the year. A gardener may have done some intensive paid work for various local people in the evenings and weekends of the summer months. Or a university lecturer may have had a remunerative consultancy or a series of well-paid broadcasts at some point in the year. Remember that extra earnings from a source other than usual employment may not be thought of as a second job. You should probe for all kinds of additional earnings, depending on the nature of the usual employment.

QUESTION 15

This is laid out as concisely as possible on one page and you are asked to ring 01, 02, 03, etc., as appropriate and then to enter the rates per week and amounts below, carefully writing in the code "01" (i.e. Family Allowances) "02" (i.e. Retirement Pension) and so on so that we are clearly aware of the allowances to which the amounts refer.

Amounts will sometimes be joint — e.g. retirement pension for man and wife — or will be for several members of the household — e.g. sickness benefit for man and wife and children. In these instances the amount should be entered (if necessary, after the interview) in one column only, under that member of household receiving the payment. Wherever possible encourage informants (especially when elderly) to show you the allowance or pension book.

CODE 01 Family Allowances

	First child	Second	Third	Fourth & subsequent
up to April 1968	nil	8s.	10s.	15s.
after April 1968	nil	15s.	17s.	17s.

counting children under 15 or up to 19 if still in full-time education or college or an apprentice on low wages.

CODE 02 Retirement Pension

Note that the actual amounts vary widely. Increased pensions are paid if retirement is deferred. There are now in addition small graduated state pensions (averaging about 3s.) and pensions may be reduced because of earnings or a deficient contribution record. Note that some of these points also apply to other benefits. Pensions and supplementary benefits can be combined in one interview. You will be prompted for supplementary benefit and wherever possible we should like you to list the amount separately (as well as the fact that it is being received). But whenever the rate given to you exceeds the standard rate below you should check the sickness record.

Single person (husband)	...	...	£4 10s. 0d.
Wife's income	...	...	£2 16s. 0d.
1st dependent child	...	...	£1 5s. 0d.
2nd dependent child	...	...	17s. 0d.

CODE 03 Standard Widow's Pension

Note: not the widow's allowance which is paid for the first 26 weeks after widowhood.

Widow or widowed mother	...	...	£4 10s. 0d.
1st dependent child	...	...	£2 2s. 6d.
2nd child	...	...	£1 14s. 6d.
3rd and subsequent child	...	...	£1 12s. 6d.

Depending on the circumstances of the death of the husband (armed service and so on) widows' pensions may differ in size. Note that family allowances are received in addition to dependent children's allowances.

Widow's Allowance: £6 7s., children as for widow's pension

CODE 04 and 05 Sickness Benefit and Unemployment Benefit

Sickness benefit is often paid for periods other than a week. Find what was the last payment and for how many days (excluding Sundays). A payment for 6 days, excluding Sunday, makes up a "week's" benefit. Note that an earnings-related supplement may be paid in addition to the flat rate benefits listed below. Moreover, these benefit rates depend on the contribution record.

Single person	...	...	£4 10s. 0d.
Married woman	...	...	£2 16s. 0d.
1st dependent child	...	...	£1 5s. 0d.
Each subsequent child	...	...	17s. 0d.

CODE 06 Supplementary Benefit

The former "national assistance". Rent is sometimes paid direct to the landlord by the Supplementary Benefits Commission. There is a check later that the amount is known and counted as income.

CODE 07 Industrial Injury Benefit

£6 7s. 0d. (with additions for dependants) is payable for the first 26 weeks after injury after which the injured person goes before a Board to have his injury assessed for an individual disablement pension.

CODES 08 and 09 Industrial and Disablement Pensions

The 100 per cent rate is £7 12s. 0d. (with additions for dependants). CODE 09: Note that these are war pensions, not service pensions included under occupational pensions later in Q. 19.

CODE 10 Maternity Allowance

The standard rate of maternity allowance is £4 a week. It is paid to women who have been paying full national insurance contributions. It begins 11 weeks before the expected confinement and ends after the sixth week following it.

CODE 11 Maternity Grant

This grant is £22 either for home or hospital confinement.

CODE 14 Single Grant

This is officially described as an exceptional needs grant. The Ministry of Social Security has replaced the former National Assistance Board and you may need to explain "a grant from the Assistance". Probe carefully for this for all income units who are completely unable, whether or not they receive supplementary benefit. A large number of people obtain single grants, e.g. for spectacles or dentures, even though they are not normally eligible to receive supplementary benefit. Note also that since you are asking about a period of 12 months there will be instances of people now in work who obtained a grant at an earlier point in the year.

08
Not entitled
to unemployment
benefit.
Not officially subject
to supplementary benefit.
Same differently because of
the fact that he has
been working and
got his own job
absolutely

02
Family allowances
are now paid
as household benefit
and not to
dependants
but in the details
one I have seen
on 1st child
and 2nd child
and 3rd child
etc.
The rates of charge
are the same

£6 7s. 0d.
5th child to 5th child
etc.
Also 5th child
etc.
Also 5th child
etc.
Also 5th child
etc.

Jan 1978

26. IF HOUSEHOLDER PAYS RENT

Does Not Apply

(a) How much do you pay a week in rent?

(b) Do you have a rent holiday?

yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	no of wks rent	OFFICE	total
no 2	paid in year	USE	rent
	48	ONLY	last year

(c) Do you pay rates in addition?

IF YES	amount general rates last yr	yes
	amount water rates last yr	DK

(d) Have you had a rates rebate?

IF YES (i) How much was it?	SPECIFY PERIOD	yes
(ii) Did you get it as a lump sum payment		no
or was it deducted from your rates or	deducted from rent	DK
rent?	deducted from rates	
	lump sum payment	

(e) Does your rent include:	lighting 1	other service or commodity 5
PROMPT AND CODE ANY	gas 2	electric power 6
THAT APPLY	coal 3	none of these 7
	meals 4	DK 8

(f) How much have you spent in the last 12 months for alterations, decorations or repairs (including paint or tools for work by yourself)?

DESCRIBE ITEMS IF NECESSARY AND COSTS	OFFICE	total
	USE	annual
	ONLY	housing
		cost

27. IF HOUSEHOLDER RENTS PRIVATELY

Does Not Apply SKIP TO Q.28

(a) Is this accommodation owned by your employer?

0 yes	ASK Q.27(a)(i)
1 no } SKIP TO Q.27(b)	
2 yes ASK Q.27(a)(ii)	
3 no } SKIP TO Q.27(b)	
4 DK	

IF YES (i) Do you pay less than it would cost if you rented it in the ordinary way?	yes
2 yes ASK Q.27(a)(ii)	
3 no } SKIP TO Q.27(b)	
4 DK	

IF YES (ii) How much extra rent per year would you expect to pay if you were renting it privately? *	extra rent per yr
GIVE YOUR ESTIMATE IF INFORMANT UNCERTAIN	

(iii) Would you have to leave this house/flat if you stopped working for him or when you retire?	yes
	no
	DK

(b) Are you on a council housing list?	1 yes, entire household } ASK Q.27(b)(i)
	2 yes, part of household } ASK Q.27(b)(ii)
	3 no } SKIP TO Q.30
	4 DK

(i) How long? number of years

28. IF HOUSEHOLDER RENTS FROM COUNCIL

Does Not Apply SKIP TO Q.30

(a) How long were you (the tenant) on the list before getting council accommodation?	inherited tenancy
	DK
	number of years

(b) When was this house/flat built?	before war
	1946-1954
	1955 or later
	DK

(c) How long have you been living in council accommodation? years

(d) Why did you get a council house/flat when you did? Was it because you reached the top of the list or were there other reasons?	X inherited tenancy
	Y bad housing
	0 health of member of family

PROMPT	CODE	1 overcrowding
ONE		2 other (SPECIFY)
ONLY	3 solely top of list	
	4 DK	

(e) Do you know if the council operates a differential rents or rent rebate scheme to adjust rents to needs?	yes ASK Q.28(e)(i)
	no } SKIP TO Q.30

(f) Have you had your rent reduced or obtained a rebate, or have you applied but not had a reduction or a rebate?	ASK Q.28(e)(ii) applied, no rent reduction
	not applied } SKIP TO Q.30
	other (SPECIFY) DK

(g) Do you know by how much?

L
This was 3 years ago

31-34

X

F S

0 2 1 1

35-37

E

1 2 2

38

0

1

2

3

4

5

6

39-42

0 1 2

43

X

Y

0

1

2

3

4

44-46

E

1

2

3

4

47

X

Y

0

1

2

3

4

48

49

X

Y

0

1

2

3

4

50

X

Y

0

1

2

3

4

51-52

1 1 2

53

X

Y

0

1

2

3

4

54

X

Y

0

1

2

3

4

5

22

Systan

VI HEALTH AND DISABILITY

QUESTION 1 Health

Do not probe for the names of disabling illnesses or conditions, unless the informant happens to mention them.

QUESTION 2 Unwell today

Note that the emphasis is on "today" and that you are instructed to complete the questionnaire as if all questions applied to the date when you first made contact with the household. This means that if you have postponed an interview because of illness you should ask all the questions about the day you first called.

QUESTION 2a Off work

Check with the work record (page 8) where weeks off work will have been established. But here the information is needed as the basis for general questions about current illness and disability.

QUESTION 2a (i) & b (i) Number of weeks

If more than a year write "52". If the informant cannot be sure of the exact number and there is uncertainty whether it is less or more than eight weeks seek confirmation of the exact period from the individual concerned at a second call if necessary.

QUESTION 2c Regularly

That is, at least once a month for the past three months in connection with the present illness or disability.

QUESTION 3 Condition affecting activity

This question is designed to prepare the ground for the all-important Q. 7. You are not asked to trace every conceivable disability or condition from which people may suffer. Many of them, anyway, will not know diagnostic terms even if you ask them. Instead, you ask about conditions which restrict activity, show Flashcard No. 6 (which is nearly the same list as prompted verbally) and code any part of the body or faculty with which "trouble" is reported. You do not explore all possible effects but only a few examples of effects in which we are particularly interested. Remember you are only trying to find out about certain conditions, not every condition.

Nerves

Pay particular attention to the need to prompt for any trouble with "nerves".

Reading ordinary print

Note that your code "No" only if a person cannot read print in a newspaper. Do not code "No" if a person merely has difficulty. For someone who cannot read interpret the question as "seeing" print in newspaper. We are interested at this point in sight not literacy.

Hearing

Note that if an informant does not admit difficulty with hearing but it is observed, you can code accordingly.

Please note
03
I feel that this family
were reluctant to
admit that 03 is
mentally handicapped
I would not agree
that the trouble is
"nerves" in the
Accepted in the
present circumstances
she was never ill
present throughout
the interview
+ one major
exception, even
less severe contact
with the first contact
with the household
she had a slightly
mentally handicapped
daughter - she is
her version is
more correct than
informant.

QUESTION 4 Special schools & centres

This question is asked only of persons who have been ill and off work or confined to bed or the house for eight weeks or more continuously, and those who are coded for any item in Question 3.

QUESTION 5 Date of onset of sickness or disabling condition

Our object is to establish the year of onset but the question is worded 'first have any condition' so as to allow for the fact that some conditions develop out of others. For persons with a disabling condition you ask, in effect, when all the trouble started.

Previous occupation

In the section on Employment you have already asked for the last occupation of everyone not now at work (p. 7). Some people change their occupation because of a disabling condition before finally being obliged to give up work. You should probe for the (previous) occupation which people had before any history of illness or disability started.

QUESTION 6 Mobility

You should code people according to their **usual** mobility, taking no account of a temporary illness or injury. "Usual mobility" may be interpreted as "for at least eight weeks and unlikely to become more mobile in the immediate future" or "for less than eight weeks but unlikely to become more mobile within at least that total period." Someone who spends most of the time in bed and needs help to get out to sit in a chair is defined as bedfast. Someone who can get out of his bed into a chair or wheelchair and who can walk indoors but not even a few yards outdoors without help is defined as housebound. The test is whether someone can walk on his own (without the assistance or company of any other person — though with or without sticks or crutches).

QUESTION 7 Incapacity

In prompting this series of questions you may find it simplest to ask the question without the variation in brackets, unless it seems appropriate. Remember you are asking whether they have any difficulty in doing X. Sometimes certain questions will not apply to particular people or to particular situations. You will meet people who do not (or say they do not) wash down, negotiate stairs (living in bungalows), go shopping and do housework (especially some men). The question should then be asked in terms of "But would you have any difficulty in doing X if you had to?" The codes 0, 1, 2 are listed in increasing order of difficulty and you should check that you ring one of them for each item.

QUESTION 7e

It would be insensitive and unnecessary to ask questions about the daily activities of the bedfast. They are therefore excluded from this question and the rest of the series. You may encounter other people (e.g. advanced obesity) of whom it is clear that they cannot do certain activities. You may refrain from putting questions to them. The same is true of any situations in which the questions are likely to cause great distress. **BUT AS A GENERAL RULE QUESTIONS 7 (e) to (i) SHOULD BE ASKED FOR ALL OTHER THAN THE BEDFAST AND CHAIRFAST.**

QUESTIONS 8 & 9 Variation in incapacity

These questions explore whether the pattern of answers to Question 7 is permanent. Question 8 seeks any indication of seasonal variations (e.g. bronchitis) and Question 9 day-to-day variations in the effects of disability.

Because the condition is mutual see question 03's answer by informant last had to be used in her presence

VII SOCIAL SERVICES

General

It is assumed that the housewife will normally be the informant. It is also assumed that she will generally be the "parent" to whom many of the questions are addressed. If in fact there is another mother in the household with a child then you may accept answers by a proxy (i.e. the housewife). You should also use your discretion about the housewife's ability to answer questions about the visits to hospital, doctor or dentist by each member of the household. If she plainly does not know or is uncertain you should check the appropriate questions when you come to ask earners in the household Sections II, III & IV. If this still does not involve the right members of the household you must check directly with them. Remember to code carefully since the questions vary as to whom they apply. We have repeated instructions at the head of each question to help you.

QUESTION 1 Welfare milk

Tokens are obtained from the Ministry of Social Security and handed to the milkman. All families with children under 5 can obtain a pint of milk for each child for each day for 6d. per pint cheaper than retail prices. Free milk tokens have to be claimed separately, and few parents claim them (other than those getting supplementary benefits).

QUESTION 2

Child welfare clinics are provided by local authority health departments. A visit to an ordinary hospital out-patient department does not count. Cod liver oil and orange juice are the main goods which may be purchased below normal shop prices. "Ever visited" means for the informant herself to obtain advice concerning herself or her child or to obtain goods. Accompanying another mother does not count.

QUESTION 3 Baby in hospital

It is possible there may be two mothers in the household.

On the National Health means free in a National Health Service hospital contracted to the N.H.S.

*St Patients
has been added
to - Since 1964*

QUESTION 4 Type of school

Write in the name of each school on the left. The parent will usually know the type of school but if he or she does not or is doubtful the interviewer may know. If in doubt please verify from the Education Department or a teacher who knows about the local schools. If the child is aged 16 or over and is at an institute, college or school (of commerce, for example), list under Q. 12.

Type	Maintained day nursery, nursery school or class	...	...	1
of	Private nursery school or nursery class	...	...	2
School	State primary school	...	...	3
	Private primary/preparatory school	...	...	4
	Secondary modern/elementary/non-grammar denominational	...	...	5
	Comprehensive	...	...	6
	Technical school, Central, Intermediate	...	...	7
	State grammar	...	...	8
	Private or "public" school (secondary)	...	...	9
	Other (SPECIFY) <i>Senior Secondary (Scotland)</i>	...	...	⑩

Whether built pre- or post-1940

Again, the parent may not know or may be unsure. Check if necessary.

QUESTION 5 School meals

Normally means when neither sick nor in the holidays. Did the child last week have school meals if attending school? If not attending school, when last attending school. Free school meals are provided to poorer children on a means test basis.

QUESTION 5(c) No facilities

There really are schools which do not offer school meals either because they lack dining space or there are too many children for the space available or for other reasons.

QUESTION 7 Days absent from school

Absences due to visiting an out-patient department or a dentist should not be counted.

QUESTION 8 Boarding school

If the child boards at a school which is primarily a day school code the answer "yes".

QUESTION 23 Poor now

Stress genuinely and try to avoid facetiousness at this point. Question 23 (a) explores what the informant understands by feeling "poor". If the word "poor" seems inappropriate use the alternative "very hard up".

QUESTION 24 Poverty

Stress the word "poverty". Do not explain what you think it means if you are asked. Seek from the informant his definition and write it in the box as clearly as you can.

QUESTION 25 Voting

Ask for those old enough to have voted in the last election (March 1965). We are not concerned who they voted for (although they will probably say) but would like to know if they are sufficiently involved to vote at all. Be careful to reassure people that this is confidential and as far as you are concerned non-voting is blameless—many people consider that voting is legally compulsory or morally obligatory and so voting figures are over-estimated. Try to get a clear recollection by fixing the incident (time of day, who they went with) if necessary. Stress National, not local elections.

QUESTION 26 Action on poverty

We are interested in what the informant thinks can be done. Give as full an answer as possible.

Please write in any additional notes.

I got good co-operation from H.O.H (informant). But the interview was rather chaotic - being conducted as it was in the presence of most of the children - and in competition with sports results on the radio.

I have referred elsewhere to the presence of a mentally handicapped young adult (No. 03) - but although "informant" didn't say so - on my initial contact with housewife - the housewife stated that her daughter ~~fortunate~~ was employed in a factory where they take this type of worker. She ~~she~~ seemed quite bright and had quite a good memory when asked the questions in the income section. I do not believe tho', that she would ever be capable of living alone or fending for herself.

ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H.

CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY

23. * Do you think you could GENUINELY say
you are poor now? —

X Does Not Apply SKIP TO Q.24

PROMPT AND CODE Y all the time } ASK Q.23(a)
ONE ONLY O sometimes }
I never } SKIP TO Q.24
2 DK

(a) Do you feel poor at any of these times 3 at weekends
or in any of these situations? 4 mid-week
5 at Christmas
PROMPT AND 6 with some of your friends.
CODE ALL THAT 7 with some of your relatives
APPLY 8 with some of the people round here
9 other (SPECIFY) _____

FOR CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H.

CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY

24. (a) There's been a lot of talk about poverty. Do you think there's such a thing as REAL poverty these days? *

Does Not Apply SKIP TO Q.25

yes

no

DK

(b) What would you describe as poverty?

WRITE IN ANSWER

We see children walking the streets without shoes and adequate clothing. People who are thin because of malnutrition.

No slate of houses - like carpet a soldier - and the lack of amenities when they don't have to give social life.

(c) Would you say that if people are in poverty its mainly

average people

enjoy

X - their own fault?

Y - the Government's fault?

O - the fault of their education?

PROMPT I - the fault of industry not providing the right jobs?

AND CODE 2 - anything else? (SPECIFY)

ONE ONLY 1 - the Government's responsibility in

3 - a combination of (some of) these? the second

4 - none of those?

5 DK

ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER AND HOUSEWIFE ABOUT ALL AGED 23 AND OVER

CODE

25. Do you mind telling me if you voted in the last General Election (I don't mean who you voted for, just whether you voted)? *

ALL AGED

23 & OVER

yes, voted

no

DK

DNA

ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H.

CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY

26. If there is poverty what do you think can be done about it?

nothing

DK

WRITE IN ANSWER

We could increase social allowance.

They are good just now - but in cases of deep poverty - there could be concentration (P) e.g. The old people - there could be

more concentration on their income - they are the people who matter.

(P) They could teach people how to overcome poverty - (P) good methods of cooking & shopping - and housekeeping

✓ Mending of shoes, patching clothes
handling cleaner stuff to junior - several thefts!

Inf't	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7	8	9	10
71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
11									
73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
76									
77									
78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I

✓V3

INTERVIEWER PLEASE CODE ALL THAT APPLY AFTER INTERVIEW

(a) Household in which there is a child, one of whose parents is not resident
 (b) Household consisting of woman and adult dependants
 (c) Household in which there are five or more dependent children
 (d) Household containing an adult who has been unemployed for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months)
 (e) Household containing an adult under 65 years of age who has been ill or injured for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months)
 (f) Household containing a disabled adult under 65
 (a) disabled
 (b) borderline disabled
 (g) Household containing a disabled or handicapped child (including child ill or injured for eight weeks or more)
 (h) Household containing a person aged 65 or over who has been bedfast or ill for eight weeks or more or who is otherwise severely incapacitated
 (i) Household in which there are
 (a) earners, none earning £12 a week or more
 (b) adult male earners (aged 21 to 64) earning less than £14 a week
 (j) Household in which there are persons who are
 (a) non-white
 (b) born in Eire

67
X
Y
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
68
X
Y

→ Should this be coded
when the handicape is
mental?

Can

COMPOSITION OF HOUSEHOLD: CODES (Q. 10, p. 3)

One generation			
Man alone: aged 60 or over	...	...	101
Man alone: aged under 60	...	...	102
Woman alone: aged 60 or over	...	...	103
Woman alone: aged under 60	...	...	104
Husband and wife: both aged 60 or over	...	...	105
Husband and wife: both aged 60 or under 60	...	...	106
Husband and wife: both under 60	...	...	107
Man and woman: otherwise related	...	...	108
Man and woman: unrelated	...	...	109
Two or more men only: related	...	...	110
Two or more men only: unrelated	...	...	111
Two or more women only: related	...	...	112
Two or more women only: unrelated	...	...	113
Other (SPECIFY) ...	...	...	114
Two generation			
Man, wife: + 1 child under 15	...	...	201
Man, wife: + 2 children both under 15	...	...	202
Man, wife: + 3 children all under 15	...	...	203
Man, wife: + 4 children all under 15	...	...	204
Man, wife: + children, at least one aged 15 and at least 1 over 15, none married	...	205	
Man, wife: + children all aged 15-24, none married	...	206	
Man, wife: + children all over 15, at least 1 aged 25 or over, none married	...	207	
Man and one child under 15	...	...	208
Man and two children both under 15	...	...	209
Man and three or more children under 15	...	...	210
Man and children at least one under 15 and one over 15, none married	...	211	
Man and children all aged 15-24, none married	...	212	
Man and children all over 15 at least one 25 or over, none married	...	213	
Woman: and one child under 15	...	...	214
Woman: and two children both under 15	...	...	215
Woman: and three or more children under 15	...	216	
Woman: and children, at least one under 15 and one over 15, none married	...	217	
Woman: and children, all aged 15-24, none married	...	218	
Woman: and children all over 15, at least one 25 or over, none married	...	219	
Man: and widowed or separated son	...	...	220
Three generation			
Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15	...	...	301
Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15 and one over 15	...	...	302
Man, daughter & son-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15	...	...	303
Man, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15 and one over 15	...	...	304
Woman, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15	...	...	305
Woman, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15, one over 15	...	...	306
Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15	...	...	307
Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15, one over 15	...	...	308
Man, son, one married child and child-in-law, grandchildren: under 15	...	...	309
Four generation			401
DESCRIBE COMPOSITION BELOW			